# **NetPyNE GUI Tutorial**



**Download this tutorial PDF:** 

# bit.ly/netpyne-ui-tut

#### Clone or download this Github repo with this tutorial and the workspace files:

#### https://github.com/Neurosim-lab/netpyne\_workspace.git

] Neurosim-lab / <b>netpyne_w</b>	vorkspace		O Unwatch ◄	2 ★ Sta	ar O	% Fork 0
<> Code (!) Issues () (!) I	Pull requests 0 III Projects 0 III Wik	Insights	Settings			
No description, website, or top	ics provided.					Edit
D 3 commits	ဖို <b>1</b> branch	ି <b>୦</b> release	95	11	contrib	utor
Branch: master - New pull reques	t	Create new	file Upload files	Find file	Clone	or download 🔻
salvadord adeded readme Latest commit 74306b8 4 minutes ago						4 minutes ago
cells	added cells and mod				Ę	ō minutes ago
in mod	added cells and mod				Ę	5 minutes ago
	adeded readme				4	1 minutes ago
■ gui_tut1.py	added tuts, cells and mod				Ę	5 minutes ago
☐ gui_tut2.py	added tuts, cells and mod				Ę	5 minutes ago
🖹 qui tut3 pv	added tuts, cells and mod				F	5 minutes ago

#### Instructions: https://github.com/MetaCell/NetPyNE-UI/wiki

MetaCell / NetPyne-UI		O Unwatch ▼     7     ★ Unstar     4     Fork     0
> Code ① Issues 2 ① Pu	Ill requests 0 🗐 Projects 0 🗐 Wiki 🔟 Insigh	ts
OME tteo Cantarelli edited this page on	Feb 26 · 11 revisions	Edit New Page
lelcome to the N	NetPyNE-UI Documentation	Pages 🕤
tPyNE (www.netpyne.org) is a velopment, parallel simulation uple user interface that can be	high-level Python interface to NEURON that facilitate and analysis of biological neuronal networks. NetPyNI used to control NetPyNE in a graphical environment.	Home E-UI is a The UI restwork Docker installation Installing NEURON crxd Version
ploration and network simulation	on and analysis.	Pip installation
		Virtual Machine Installation
	公 웹 수 전 0 전 체 바 2 수 내 제 4	Virtual Machine Installation
	文 문 수 값 수 값 원 보 호 수 내 외 국 EXPLORE YOUR NETWORK SIMULATE AND ANALYSE	<ul> <li>✓ O I</li> <li>Add a custom sidebar</li> </ul>
Netryke     X     Couldnest 8888/geopetro     DEFINE YOUR NETWORK  Populationa Define here the populations of your network  +	Image: Second and Second	
NetryNE     X     O	Image: Second	Virtual Machine Installation ✓ • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Contract at 888/peoperts     Contract at 888/peoperts     DEFINE YOUR NETWORK  Populations Define hers the populations of your network	Image: Control of State of Stat	Virtual Machine Installation  Virtual Machine Installation  Add a custom sidebar  Clone this wiki locally  https://github.com/MetaCe
C C C C C C C C Cacaboar: 3858/(sepsentio DEFINE YOUR NETWORK  Posubations C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	Image: Image	Virtual Machine Installation  Virtual Machine Installation  Add a custom sidebar  Clone this wiki locally  https://github.com/MetaCt  T  Clone in Desktop
Netryce       C     C localhost 8888/peopetic       DEFINE YOUR NETWORK       Populations       Define hers the populations of your network       Image: Colspan="2">Image: Colspan="2" Image: Cols	Image: Image	Virtual Machine Installation  Virtual Machine Installation  Add a custom sidebar  Clone this wiki locally  https://github.com/MetaCe  Clone in Desktop  Clone in Desktop
Netryke       Console       Populationa Define hars the populations of your network       Image: Console	Image:	Virtual Machine Installation
Image: Second	Image: Image	Virtual Machine Installation  Virtual Machine Installation  Add a custom sidebar  Add a custom sidebar  Clone this wiki locally  https://github.com/MetaCe  Clone in Desktop  Clone in Desktop

**Option 1:** Install <u>NEURON crxd from sources</u> (Github) and <u>NetPyNE-UI via pip</u>

**Option 2:** Use <u>pre-packaged</u> **Docker** with all you need

Option 3: Use pre-packaged Virtual Machine with all you need

### NEURON

#### NetPyNE

#### NEURON

## Cell connectivity rules
netParams.connParams['S->M'] = {
 'preConds': {'pop': 'S'},
 'postConds': {'pop': 'M'},
 'probability': 0.5,
 'weight': 0.01,
 'delay': 5,
 'synMech': 'exc'}





<pre>## Cell connectivity rules</pre>
<pre>netParams.connParams['S-&gt;M'] = {</pre>
'preConds': {'pop': 'S'},
<pre>'postConds': {'pop': 'M'},</pre>
'probability': 0.5,
'weight': 0.01,
'delay': 5,
'synMech': 'exc'}
—





## Cell connectivity rules
netParams.connParams['S->M'] = {
 'preConds': {'pop': 'S'},
 'postConds': {'pop': 'M'},
 'probability': 0.5,
 'weight': 0.01,
 'delay': 5,
 'synMech': 'exc'}

**NetPyne** 

A Python package to facilitate the development, simulation and analysis of biological neuronal networks in NEURON

### 135 120 105 90 75 weight : 60 45 30 15

### www.netpyne.org





• Facilitate incorporation of experimental data at multiple scales



• Facilitate incorporation of experimental data at multiple scales





• Facilitate incorporation of experimental data at multiple scales

Long-range inputs



Dendritic inputs







- Separate model parameters from implementation
- Standardize format easy to read, interpret, edit, share etc

```
popParams['EXC_L2'] = {
  'cellType': 'PYR',
  'yRange': [100, 400],
  'numCells': 50}
```



```
for cellParams in range(pop['numCells']):
    cell = sim.Cell(cellParams)
    cell.tags['y'] = numpy.random(100,400)
    cell.tags['cellType'] = 'PYR'
```



Replicate: get same thing to run again

Reproduce: make it youself

- Facilitate model parallelization (HPCs)
- Batch parameter exploration/optimization















## **NetPyNE: High level specifications**

Specifications are provided in a standardized, declarative Python format (JSON-like, lists and dicts).

□ Clear **separation** of parameters from implementation code.

Error **checking** and **suggestions** to facilitate model definition.



# **NetPyNE: High level specifications**

- □ User can define:
  - **Populations**: cell type, number of neurons or density, spatial extent, ...
  - Cell properties: Morphology, biophysics, implementation, ...
  - Synaptic mechanisms: Time constants, reversal potential, implementation, ...
  - Stimulation: Spike generators, current clamps, spatiotemporal properties, ...
  - Connectivity rules: conditions of pre- and post-synaptic cells, different functions, ...
  - Simulation configuration: duration, saving and analysis, graphical output, ...









## **NetPyNE: Network Instantiation**

□ Network is created as Python-based **standardized hierarchical data structure**.



## **NetPyNE: Parallel Simulation**

- □ Set up for MPI **parallel simulation** across multiple nodes (via NEURON simulator).
- □ Takes care of balanced **distribution** of cells and **gathering** of simulation output from nodes.



## **NetPyNE: Parallel Simulation**

□ NetPyNE available on **the Neuroscience Gateway (NSG)** supercomputing platform.





Simulation **run time** as a function of number of cells and number of nodes (*Neural Comput, 2016*).

Results obtained using **NetPyNE on NSG**.

## **NetPyNE: Batch Parallel Simulations**

- **Easy specification** of parameters and range of values to explore in batch simulations.
- Pre-defined, configurable setups to automatically submit jobs in multicore machines (Bulletin board) or supercomputers (SLURM or PBS Torque)



**SDSC** SAN DIEGO SUPERCOMPUTER CENTER

• Connectivity matrix at cell or population level (weights, num connections, probability,...)



plotConn(include = ['allCells'], feature='strength', groupBy='pop', figSize=(9,9), showFig=True)

- 3D cell shape plot
- Option to include color-coded variables (eg, num of synapses)



plotShape(...)

Easy-to-use functions for **analysis and plotting** of network and simulation output

- **Raster plot** of any subset of cells
- Spike histogram of populations or subsets of cells



plotRaster(include=['allCells'], timeRange=[200,800], orderBy='y', orderInverse=True, spikeHist='overlay', spikeHistBin=5)

Intrinsic cell variables (voltages, currents, conductance) trace plots



plotTraces(include=[('E2',0), ('E4',0), ('E5',5)], timeRange=[0,200], overlay=True, oneFigPer='trace')

• LFP time-series, PSD, spectrogram and electrode locations



- Spectral Granger causality
- Normalized transfer entropy



□ Analysis and visualization of multidimensional batch simulation results.



## **NetPyNE: Data saving and exporting**

**Save and load** high-level specifications, network instance, simulation config and/or simulation results.

- □ Multiple formats supported: pickle, Matlab, JSON, CSV, HDF5
- **Export/import** network instance to/from **NeuroML**, the standard format for neural models.







## **NetPyNE: Data saving and exporting**



## **NetPyNE: Documentation and Tutorials**

### www.netpyne.org

#### Welcome to NetPyNE's documentation!

NetPyNE is a python package to facilitate the development and parallel simulation of biological cell networks using the NEURON simulator.

#### Table of Contents

- Overview
  - What is NetPyNE?
  - What can I do with NetPyNE?
  - Main Features
- Installation
  - Requirements
  - Install via pip
- Tutorial
  - Very simple and quick example
  - Network parameters
  - Simulation configuration options
  - Network creation and simulation
  - Adding a compartment (dendrite) to cells
  - Using a simplified cell model (Izhikevich)
- Package Reference
  - Model components and structure
  - Network parameters
  - Simulation configuration
  - Structure of data and code
  - Network, Population and Cell classes
  - Package methods
  - Structure of saved data

## **NetPyNE: Q&A Forums**

www.neuron.yale.edu			Search Q Ø				
E Quick links ♥ FAQ							
* Board index < Tools of interest to NEURON users < NetPyNE							
NetPyNE Moderator: tom_morse							
New Topic          ✔         A         Q         Image: A         A <tha< th="">         A         A</tha<>			28 topics • Page 1 of 1				
ANNOUNCEMENTS	REPLIES	VIEWS	LAST POST				
VERSION RELEASES by salvadord » Fri Jun 09, 2017 10:41 pm	12	7554	by bremen Sat Apr 28, 2018 4:05 pm				
Welcome to the NetPyNE Forum! by salvadord » Tue May 16, 2017 10:50 pm	0	7863	by salvadord 🛿 Tue May 16, 2017 10:50 pm				
торіся	REPLIES	VIEWS	LAST POST				
Spike source and target sections by salvadord » Mon Nov 27, 2017 12:03 pm	17	4342	by bremen C Sat May 12, 2018 12:07 pm				
Import json format of morphology to NetPyNE by Javad » Fri May 04, 2018 3:02 pm	2	75	by <b>ted </b> Sun May 06, 2018 1:30 pm				
Slow speed to save sim results by bremen » Sat Apr 21, 2018 10:32 am	2	51	by bremen C Sat Apr 28, 2018 3:15 pm				
Field names are restricted to 31 characters by bremen » Sat Mar 24, 2018 1:36 pm	2	55	by bremen C Sun Mar 25, 2018 6:21 am				
plotLFP by atknox » Fri Mar 02, 2018 6:44 pm	1	72	by salvadord Wed Mar 21, 2018 6:20 pm				
Mat file not saved properly in batch functions by Vittorio » Thu Feb 15, 2018 10:58 am	1	91	by salvadord Thu Feb 15, 2018 11:30 am				
Gap junction support - parallel simulation? by tmc » Wed Jan 24, 2018 10:18 pm	3	108	by salvadord D Thu Feb 08, 2018 12:41 pm				

#### https://www.neuron.yale.edu/phpBB/viewforum.php?f= 45&sid=99554ea5df10540d9b31e0c74929eaf0



https://groups.google.com/forum /#!forum/netpyne-forum
# **NetPyNE: Existing models**

- □ Other models in progress:
  - Traub thalamocortical network (Padraig Gleeson, UCL)
  - Hippocampus CA3 (Ben Tessler, SUNY DMC)
  - Ischemia in cortical network (Alex Seidenstein, SUNY DMC)
  - STDP in biophysically detailed networks (Anatoly Buchin, Allen Brain)
  - Basal Ganglia network (Lucas, UCD)
  - LFP oscillations (Christian Fink, Ohio Wesleyan)
  - Dendritic computations (Birgit Kriener, Oslo)
  - Thalamocortical epilepsy network (Andrew Knox, Cincinatti Hospital)
  - V1 network with Allen Brain cells (SUNY DMC)
  - Schizophrenia in cortical network (Cristoph Metzner, Hertfordshire)
  - **Spinal cord** circuits (Vittorio Caggiano, IBM Watson)





Full list of 43 models: <u>https://drive.google.com/open?id=1bkWHakgZoEkYIkzrAS8sIKCvO5PSuUXLLRjNdN2pseY</u>

# **NetPyNE: M1 microcircuits**

Data-driven multiscale network model of M1 microcircuits



Mouse 6-layer M1 with **10,074 neurons** of 5 classes distributed in 15 populations; Full scale cylindric volume of **300 μm** (diameter) x **1350 μm** (cortical depth)

# **NetPyNE: M1 microcircuits**



# NetPyNE: Acknowledgments

### □ Contributors:

- Salvador Dura-Bernal (SUNY DMC)
- Ben Suter (Northwestern)
- Matteo Cantarelli (Metacell Ltd)
- Adrian Quintana (EyeSeeTea Ltd)
- Dario del Piano (Metacell Ltd)
- Facundo Rodriguez (SUNY DMC)
- Padraig Gleeson (UCL)
- Robert McDougal (Yale)
- Michael Hines (Yale)
- Gordon MG Shepherd (Northwestern)
- William Lytton (SUNY DMC)

- □ Lab website: <u>www.neurosimlab.org</u>
- □ NetPyNE Website: <u>www.netpyne.org</u>
- NetPyNE-UI Website:
   www.github.com/MetaCell/NetPyNE-UI

Github: <a href="http://www.github.com/Neurosim-lab/netpyne">www.github.com/Neurosim-lab/netpyne</a> (open source development; contributions welcome)

### Funding:

- NIH Grant U01EB017695
- NIH Grant R01EB022903
- NIH Grant R01MH086638
- NYS Grant DOH01-C32250GG-3450000











#### 1) Open NetPyNE GUI on web browser

DEFINE YOUR NETWORK	EXPLORE YOUR NETWORK	SIMULATE AND ANALYSE	\$
Populations Define here the populations of your network			~
Cell rules Define here the rules to set the biophysics and morphology of the cells in your network			~
Synaptic mechanisms Define here the synaptic mechanisms available in your network			~
Connectivity rules Define here the rules to generate the connections in your network			~
Stimulation sources Define here the sources of stimulation in your network			~
Stimulation target rules Define here the rules to connect stimulation sources to targets in your network			~
Simulation configuration Define here the configuration options for the simulation			~
Plots configuration Define here the options to customize the plots			~

#### 2) Add a population 'E' of 20 'pyr' cells

#### Populations

Define here the populations of your network



### 3) Add a cell rule 'pyr\_rule' for 'pyr' cells

#### Cell rules



		^
The name of the cell rule		
pyr_rule		
Conditions:		
Cell model	Ţ	?
Cell type		
pyr		?
Population	~	?
Range of x-axis locations	Ŧ	?
Range of y-axis locations	~	?
Range of z-axis locations	~	?
SECTIONS IMPORT TEMPLATE		

4) Add a 'soma' section in the 'pyr\_rule'

#### Cell rules

Define here the rules to set the biophysics and morphology of the cells in your network



General



Topology

The name of the section

soma



5) Add the geometry of the 'soma' section in the 'pyr\_rule'

#### Cell rules





6) Add a 'dend' section in the 'pyr\_rule'

#### Cell rules





### 7a) Add the geometry of the 'dend' section in the 'pyr\_rule'

#### Cell rules



7b) Connect the 'dend' section to the 'soma' section in Topology

#### Cell rules

pyr_rule > +	Devent Quertiers	General	Geometry	Topology
	Parent Section			
	soma			
soma dend				
	Parent x			
	1			
	Child x			
	ol			
	-1			

8) Explore your network ... feel free to rotate, zoom and move around!



9) Customize the color of your population or cells

DEFINE YOUR NETWORK	EXPLORE YOUR NETWORK	SIMULATE AND ANALYSE		-
Filter Results				
Name	Type(s)		Controls	
network	network_netpyne	۲	x; ⊕	
network.E	E	۲	x; @	
o c network.E[0]	pyr	ی ک	x; ⊕	
network.E[1]	pyr	، ک	x; @	
network.E[2]	pyr	، ک	x; @	
network.E[3]	pyr	۵ ا	x; @	
network.E[4]	руг	ی ا	x; €	
network.E[5]	pyr		x; @	

10) To add channels: go to 'Define your network'  $\rightarrow$  'Cell rules'  $\rightarrow$  'pyr rule'  $\rightarrow$  'soma'  $\rightarrow$  'mechanisms'  $\rightarrow$  (+)



11) Add the 'hh' (Hodgkin-Huxley) mechanism to the 'soma' with the following parameters:

#### Cell rules



Med	hanism		
hh			
gna	bar		
0.1	2		
gkb	ar		
0.0	36		
gl			
0.0	03		
el			
-70			
	•		

12) Add the 'pas' (passive) mechanism to the 'dend' with the following parameters:

#### Cell rules



Mechanism
pas
g
0.0004
е
-70

?

13) Add an IClamp (current clamp) source of stimulation

#### Stimulation sources

Define here the sources of stimulation in your network



14) Create a stimulation target rule to place IClamp1 on the cell dendrite:

#### Stimulation target rules

Define here the rules to connect stimulation sources to targets in your network



15) Place the IClamp1 just on one of the cells (with global index 0) using the target rule 'conditions':

#### Stimulation target rules

Define here the rules to connect stimulation sources to targets in your network

+	General Conditions	
	Target population	~
IClamp1->cell0	Target cell model	Ŧ
	Target cell type	$\overline{\mathbf{v}}$
	Range of x-axis locations	Ţ
	Range of y-axis locations	Ŧ
	Range of z-axis locations	~
	Add new Target cell global indices (gids)	0
	0	

#### 16) Set the simulation duration to 200ms in 'Simulation configuration'



17) Record soma and dendrite voltage traces from from cell with id 0:



Specify traces to record using Python dictionary format (no quotes required):

```
V_soma: {var: v, sec: soma, loc: 0.5}
V_dend: {var: v, sec: dend, loc: 1.0}
```

18) 'Simulate and Analyze' the network and plot 'Cell traces'



19) Increase 'IClamp1' amplitude so generate a spike (set to 0.6 nA)

#### Stimulation sources

Define here the sources of stimulation in your network



### IClamp1

Point process used as stimulator

Clamp	-	?
-------	---	---

Current clamp delay (ms)

#### 20

Current clamp duration (ms)

10

Current clamp amplitude (nA)

0.6

21) Simulate and plot traces (dendrite current clamp, soma spike and back-propagation to dendrite)



22a) Create recurrent connections (E->E) rule; syn=exc, probablity=0.3, weight=0.03, delay=5

#### Connectivity rules

Define here the rules to generate the connections in your network



Ο

0

22b) Make presynaptic cells condition be 'E' population

#### Connectivity rules

Define here the rules to generate the connections in your network

•	General Pre-synaptic cells conditions Conditions
	Population (multiple selection available)
E->E	Cell model (multiple selection available)
	Cell type (multiple selection available)
	Range of x-axis locations
	Range of y-axis locations
	Range of z-axis locations

#### 22c) Make postsynaptic cells condition be 'E' population

#### Connectivity rules

Define here the rules to generate the connections in your network

+	General	F	Pre-synaptic cells conditions	Post-synaptic cells conditions
	Population (multiple selection available)			
E->E	Cell model (multiple selection avai	ilable)		
	Cell type (multiple selection availa	able)		
	Range of x-axis locations			
	Range of y-axis locations			
	Range of z-axis locations			

#### 23) Simulate and plot traces and raster plot

Cell 0 spikes due to IClamp -> triggers spikes in other cells due to conn -> cell 0 spikes again



Note: If you have any errors with step-by-step, try loading the "simple cell net" tutorial directly from file

IMPORT	EXPORT
NetParams nath	SimConfig nath
/home/jovyan/netpyne_workspace	/home/jovyan/netpyne_workspace
NetParams module name	SimConfig module name
gui_tut1	gui_tut1
NetParams variable	SimConfig variable
netParams	simConfig

CANCEL

IMPORT



#### 1) Reload webpage to start from scratch

$\leftarrow$ $\rightarrow$ C (i) localhost:8888/geppetto?			☆ 🚺 🔊
🗰 Apps 🔀 Google Maps 📄 cosas 📄 Neurosim 📄 NYC 📄 COURSES 🚺 Goog	ogle Scholar 🛛 🦂 Sci-Hub: removing 🚦 🤅	SciWrite Coursewar et Lecture 1D - The hi	G weather brooklyn 📷 G
DEFINE YOUR NETWORK	EXPLORE YOUR NETWOR	ак	SIMULATE AND ANALYSE
Populations Define here the populations of your network			
Cell rules Define here the rules to set the biophysics and morphology of the cells in your netwo	vork		
Synaptic mechanisms Define here the synaptic mechanisms available in your network			
Connectivity rules Define here the rules to generate the connections in your network			
Stimulation sources Define here the sources of stimulation in your network			
Stimulation target rules Define here the rules to connect stimulation sources to targets in your network			
Simulation configuration Define here the configuration options for the simulation			

#### Plots configuration

Define here the options to customize the plots

2) Add 2 populations of 3 cells : - 'E' (excitatory) of cell type 'PT' (pyramidal-tract corticospinal) - 'I' (inhibitory) of cell type 'FS' (fast-spiking interneuron)

Populations Define here the populations of your network					
•			General	Spatial Distribution	Cell Lis
		The name of your population E Cell type PT			
		Cell model			
	<b>Populations</b> Define here the populations of your network	Number of cells	~ 4	Number of cells	?
	•				General
				The name of your population	

	Number of cells			
	3	?		
		=		
		General	Spatial Distribution	Cell List
	The name of your population			
	I			
	Cell type			
	ES			
	F3			
	Cell model			
	Number of cells		Number of cells	

~ ? 3

?

Number of cells

### 3a) Create PT cell rule

#### Cell rules

Define here the rules to set the biophysics and morphology of the cells in your network



The name of the cell rule

PT\_rule

#### Conditions:

Cell model

PΤ

Cell type

Population

Range of x-axis locations

**Range of y-axis locations** 

**Range of z-axis locations** 

SECTIONS

IMPORT TEMPLATE

3b) Import PT cell from template (PTcell.hoc)

Import Cell Template		
Python or Hoc files		
Absolute path to file		
/u/salvadord/NetPyNE-UI/netpyne_workspace/cells/PTcell.hoc		?
Cell template/class name		
PTcell		?
Path to mod folder		
/u/salvadord/NetPyNE-UI/netpyne_workspace/mod		?
Add new Cell Template Parameters (key:value pair)		
Import synaptic mechanisms ?		
### 3c) Check sections and mechanisms imported



### 4a) Create FS rule

#### Cell rules

Define here the rules to set the biophysics and morphology of the cells in your network



**IMPORT TEMPLATE** 

SECTIONS

4b) Import FS cell from template (FScell.hoc)

mport Cell Template	
ython or Hoc files	
bsolute path to file	
u/salvadord/NetPyNE-UI/netpyne_workspace/cells/FScell.hoc	?
template/class name	
Scell	?
ath to mod folder	
u/salvadord/NetPyNE-UI/netpyne_workspace/mod	?
dd new Cell Template Parameters (key:value pair)	•
Import synaptic mechanisms ? Compile mod files ?	

### 5) Visualize network



### 6) Add AMPA and GABA synapses

#### Synaptic mechanisms

Define here the synaptic mechanisms available in your network



AMPA		
NMODL mechanism name		
Exp2Syn	~	?
Time constant for exponential 1 (ms) 0.5		
Time constant for exponential 2 (ms)		

0

Synaptic mechanisms

Define here the synaptic mechanisms available in your network



NMODL mechanism name	
Exp2Syn	_
Time constant for exponential 1 (ms)	
0.5	

Reversal potential (mV)

-100

7a) Add background stimulation Netstim (spike generator) to PT cells

#### Stimulation sources

Define here the sources of stimulation in your network





### bkg

Point process used as stimulator

NetStim	?
---------	---

Firing rate (Hz)

### 40

Interval between spikes (ms)

Maximum number of spikes

Start time of first spike

### 1

Noise/randomness fraction (0-1)

### 0

### 7b) Add background stimulation Netstim (spike generator) to PT cells

#### Stimulation target rules

Define here the rules to connect stimulation sources to targets in your network



Number of synaptic contacts per connection between NetStim and cell

Conditions

7c) Add background stimulation Netstim (spike generator) to PT cells (E population)

#### Stimulation target rules

Define here the rules to connect stimulation sources to targets in your network



### 8a) Connect E->I

#### Connectivity rules

Define here the rules to generate the connections in your network



8b) Connect E->I



### 9a) Connect I->E

#### Connectivity rules

Define here the rules to generate the connections in your network

. . .



Connection delay (ms)

9b) Connect I->E



10) Set duration to 500 ms and time step to 0.1 (if too slow can decrease duration)

Simulation configuration

Define here the configuration options for the simulation



### 11) Record voltate trace from soma

Simulation configuration Define here the configuration options for the simulation



12) Configure traces plot to include cells 0 (PT) and 4 (FS)

Plots configuration

Define here the options to customize the plots





Add new Cells to include



13) Simulate and visualize traces (synchrony due to recurrent conns and exaggerated IPSPs)



Note: If you have any errors with step-by-step, try loading the "complex cell net" tutorial directly from file

IMPORT	EXPORT
NetParams path	SimConfig path
/home/jovyan/netpyne_workspace	/home/jovyan/netpyne_workspace
NetParams module name	SimConfig module name
gui_tut2	gui_tut2
NetParams variable	SimConfig variable
netParams	simConfig
Compile mod files  Mod path folder me/jovyan/netpyne_workspace/mod	

CANCEL IMPORT



1) Load the "multiscale net" tutorial (gui\_tut3.py) directly from file via GUI "Import model":

a) Click on utilities icon in top-right of GUI to open "Import" window



IMPORT	EXPORT
NetParams path	SimConfig path
NetParams module name	SimConfig module name
NetParams variable	SimConfig variable
netParams	simConfig
Compile mod files	
Mod path folder	

1) Load the "multiscale net" tutorial (gui\_tut3.py) directly from file via GUI "Import model":

b) Select gui\_tut3.py in "NetParams path" and "SimConfig path"

IMPORT	EX	PORT
NetParams path /u/salvadord/NetPyNE-UI/netpyne_workspace	SimConfig path /u/salvadord/NetPyNE-I	JI/netpyne_workspace
NetParams module name gui_tut3 NetParams variable	SimConfig module name gui_tut3 SimConfig variable	Select a file. These paths are relative to: //u/salvadord/NetPyNE-UI + utilities + pygeppetto + org.geppetto.frontend.jupyter - netpyne_workspace
netParams Compile mod files	simConfig	+ x86_64 + mod + cells + .git .DS_Store gui_rxd,py
Mod path folder		gui_tut1.py gui_tut2.py gui_tut3.py

**IMPORT** 

1) Load the "multiscale net" tutorial (gui\_tut3.py) directly from file via GUI "Import model":

c) Select "Compile mod files" and "mod" in "Mod path folder"

IMPORT	EXP	ORT
NetParams path	SimConfig path	
/u/salvadord/NetPyNE-UI/netpyne_workspace	/u/salvadord/NetPyNE-U	l/netpyne_workspace
NetParams module name gui_tut3	SimConfig module name gui_tut3	Select a folder. These paths are relative //u/salvadord/NetPyNE-UI + utilities + pygeppetto
NetParams variable netParams	SimConfig variable simConfig	+ org.geppetto.frontend.jupyter - netpyne_workspace + x86_64 + mod + collo
Compile mod files		<ul> <li>cells</li> <li>.git</li> <li>netpyne_ui.egg-info</li> <li>netpyne_ui</li> <li>netpyne</li> </ul>
Mod path folder		+ docs
/u/salvadord/NetPvNE-UI/netpvne workspace		+ .ipynb_checkpoints
,,,,		

IMPORT

~

2) Check the populations and its spatial distribution (3 layers, each with E and I pops)

#### Populations

Define here the populations of your network



3) Check the Cell Rule, with its sections and mechanisms (6-comp cell; detailed biphysics / 9 ionic channels)

#### Cell rules

Define here the rules to set the biophysics and morphology of the cells in your network





#### Cell rules

Define here the rules to set the biophysics and morphology of the cells in your network



4) Check Connectivity rules (some parameters defined using functions)

#### Connectivity rules

Define here the rules to generate the connections in your network



### 5) Check Simulation Configuration (recording voltage, current, and calcium concentrations)



6) Click on "Explore your Network" to instantiate the network



7) Show connectivity plots





8) Check reaction-diffusion (RxD) code gui\_tut3\_rxd.py (similar to morning tutorial)

```
from neuron import h
    from neuron import crxd as rxd
    # rxd intracellular and extracellular
    rxd.nthread(4)
10 # parameters
11 ip3_init = 0 # Change value between 0 and 1: high ip3 -> ER Ca released to Cyt -> kBK channels open -> less firing
12 caDiff = 0.08 # calcium diffusion coefficient
13 ip3Diff = 1.41 # ip3 diffusion coefficient
14 caci_init = 1e-5 # intracellular calcium initial concentration
15 caco_init = 2.0 # extracellular calcium initial concentration
16 gip3r = 12040 * 100 # ip3 receptors density
17 gserca = 0.3913 # SERCA conductance
   gleak = 6.020 # ER leak channel conductance
   kserca = 0.1 # SERCA reaction constant
   kip3 = 0.15 # ip3 reaction constant
21 kact = 0.4 #
22 ip3rtau = 2000 # ip3 receptors time constant
23 fc = 0.8 # fraction of cytosol
24 fe = 0.2 # fraction of ER
25 margin = 20 # extracellular volume additional margin
26 x, y, z = [0-margin, 100+margin], [-500-margin, 0+margin], [0-margin, 100+margin]
28 # create intracellular region
29 cyt = rxd.Region(h.allsec(), nrn_region='i', geometry=rxd.FractionalVolume(fc, surface_fraction=1))
30 er = rxd.Region(h.allsec(), geometry=rxd.FractionalVolume(fe))
   cyt_er_membrane = rxd.Region(h.allsec(), geometry=rxd.ScalableBorder(1, on_cell_surface=False))
33 # create extracellular region
34 rxd.options.enable.extracellular = True
   extracellular = rxd.Extracellular(xlo=x[0], ylo=y[0], zlo=z[0], xhi=x[1], yhi=y[1], zhi=z[1], dx=5, volume_fraction=0.2
37 # create Species
   ca = rxd.Species([cyt, er, extracellular], d=caDiff, name='ca', charge=2,
          initial=lambda nd: caco_init if isinstance(nd,rxd.node.NodeExtracellular) else (0.0017 - caci_init * fc) / fe if
    ip3 = rxd.Species(cyt, d=ip3Diff, name='ip3', initial=ip3_init)
   ip3r_gate_state = rxd.State(cyt_er_membrane, initial=0.8)
43 # create Reactions
    serca = rxd.MultiCompartmentReaction(ca[cyt], ca[er], gserca / ((kserca / (1000. * ca[cyt])) ** 2 + 1), membrane=cyt_er
    leak = rxd.MultiCompartmentReaction(ca[er], ca[cyt], gleak, gleak, membrane=cyt_er_membrane)
45
46
47 minf = ip3[cyt] * 1000. * ca[cyt] / (ip3[cyt] + kip3) / (1000. * ca[cyt] + kact)
   h_gate = ip3r_gate_state[cyt_er_membrane]
   kip3 = gip3r * (minf * h_gate) ** 3
   ip3r = rxd.MultiCompartmentReaction(ca[er], ca[cyt], kip3, kip3, <u>membrane=cyt_er_membrane</u>)
   ip3rg = rxd.Rate(h_gate, (1. / (1 + 1000. * ca[cyt] / (0.3)) - h_gate) / ip3rtau)
```



10) Run reaction-diffusion (RxD) code via Jupyter notebook



Copy paste from here:

```
import gui_tut3_rxd
netpyne_geppetto.sim.net.rxd['species']['ca'] = gui_tut3_rxd.ca
netpyne_geppetto.sim.net.rxd['regions']['extracellular'] = gui_tut3_rxd.extracellular
```

To execute press Ctrl + Enter

### 11) Run simulation and plot results [fig needs updating]



12) Reload web to remove current model

Repeat steps: 1) Import model and 6) Instantiate network

Now run RxD code in jupyter but set inital ip3 to 0.1 (high value):



```
import gui_tut3_rxd
netpyne_geppetto.sim.net.rxd['species']['ca'] = gui_tut3_rxd.ca
netpyne_geppetto.sim.net.rxd['regions']['extracellular'] = gui_tut3_rxd.extracellular
gui_tut3_rxd.ip3.initial = 0.1
```

Copy paste from here:

```
import gui_tut3_rxd
netpyne_geppetto.sim.net.rxd['species']['ca'] = gui_tut3_rxd.ca
netpyne_geppetto.sim.net.rxd['regions']['extracellular'] = gui_tut3_rxd.extracellular
gui_tut3_rxd.ip3.initial = 0.1
```

To execute press Ctrl + Enter

### 13) Compare results with previous simulation



high ip3  $\rightarrow$  ER Ca released to Cyt  $\rightarrow$  kBK channels open  $\rightarrow$  hyperpolarizing K current  $\rightarrow$  less firing